

## ***Sustainable Public Procurement-fiche: advanced***

### ***1) Subject matter***

Purchase of <50%> / <100%> electricity from renewable energy sources (RES-E).

“For <.....> (name of the public authority), the care for the environment and social aspects is important. It is stated in her <strategic policies>, <mission>, <vision>, <procurement policy>, ...”

### ***2) Exclusion criteria***

Non compliance with environmental and social legislation, which has been the subject of a final judgment or a decision having equivalent effect, may be considered an offence concerning the professional conduct of the economic operator concerned or grave misconduct, permitting to exclude the party concerned from competing for the contract

Ref:

Art. 53 and 54 of Directive 2004/17/EC and Art. 45 of Directive 2004/18/EC

### ***3) Technical capacity (not exclusive)***

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### ***4) Technical specifications***

50% of supplied electricity must come from renewable energy sources (RES-E) as defined by Directive 2001/77/EC2.

[EU toolkit: core criteria]

OR

100% of supplied electricity must come from renewable energy sources (RES-E) as defined by Directive 2001/77/EC2.

[EU toolkit: comprehensive criteria]



**Evidence:**

The compliance with all the criteria mentioned above can be proved through Guarantees of Origin (GoO), as delivered by competent bodies designated by the Member States according to EU Directive 77/EC (art. 5) or equivalent proof. Alternatively the supplier could provide independent proof of the fact that a corresponding quantity of electricity has been generated from so-defined renewable sources, e.g. a tradable certificate from an independent issuing body such as RECS (Renewable Energy Certificates System: [www.recs.org](http://www.recs.org)), which guarantees the compliance with the RES-E Directive 2001/77/EC if not nationally implemented. Alternatively, certification by a labelling scheme for green electricity which fulfils at least the criteria of the RES-E Directive 77/EC will be accepted as proof, such as a Type-1 ecolabel.

**5) Awarding the contract:**

	<b>Criterion</b>	<b>Weight</b>
1	<b>Price</b>  <i>Calculation (e.g.):</i> Lowest offered price/ stated price x 0,70	e.g. 70%
2	<b>Environmental criteria</b> (The public authority formulates the points it wants to assign to the below mentioned criteria )  <i>Calculation (e.g.):</i> Total scored points / maximum number of points x 0,20	e.g. 20%
3	...	e.g. 5 %
4	...	e.g. ...

**Environmental criteria**

[only relevant in case of the purchase of less than 100% electricity from renewable sources as defined in the technical specifications above]

The tenderer should indicate the proportion of electricity to be supplied from renewable energy sources. Additional points will be awarded in proportion to the electricity to be supplied from renewable energy sources above the minimum requirement in the specification.

Verification: As above.

[EU toolkit: core criteria]



## **6) Performance clauses:**

At the end of each year of the contract, the contractor must disclose the origin of the electricity supplied to the contracting authority to demonstrate that 100% came from renewable energy sources. Guarantees of Origin (GoO) or equivalent proof must be provided. This is not required from certified suppliers of green electricity (i.e. carrying a Type-ecolabel which uses a definition of RES-E at least as strict as that of Directive 2001/77/EC).

[EU toolkit: comprehensive criteria]

### ***References***

[Information of the public authority that used these clauses in a procurement case]

